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D¹ cont
coronary vessels or into a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for said coronary artery disease, said therapeutically effective amount being about 0.2 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ to 48 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ of patient weight.

D² *3* 12. (amended) The method of claim *2* 11, further comprising the step of administering to said human patient about 10 U/kg to 80 U/kg of heparin within about 0 to 30 minutes prior to administering said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

D³ *4* 13. (twice amended) The method of claim *3* 12, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is administered into one or more coronary vessels.

D⁴ *5* 14. (amended) The method of claim *4* 13, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is about 24 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ to 48 $\mu\text{g/kg}$.

D⁵ *6* 15. (twice amended) The method of claim *3* 12 wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is administered into a peripheral vein.

D⁶ *7* 16. (amended) The method of claim *6* 15, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is about 18 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ to 36 $\mu\text{g/kg}$.

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D⁷ *8* 17. (twice amended) A method for treating a human patient for coronary artery disease, comprising administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or an angiogenically active mutein thereof into one or more coronary vessels or into a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for coronary artery disease, said unit dose

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comprising from about .008 mg to 7.2 mg of said recombinant FGF-2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

D8 *9* *8*
18. (amended) The method of claim 17, wherein said recombinant FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

D9 *15* *11*
24. (amended) The method of claim 20, wherein said unit dose comprises 0.3 mg to 3.5 mg of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

LA F3 *10* *D* *12*
28. (twice amended) A method for inducing angiogenesis in a heart of a human patient, comprising administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or an angiogenically active mutein thereof into one or more coronary vessels or into a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for coronary artery disease, said unit dose comprising from about .008 mg to 7.2 mg of said recombinant FGF-2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

D'' *18* *17*
27. (amended) The method of claim 26, wherein said recombinant FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

WFF *D12* *21*
30. (twice amended) A method for treating a human patient for a myocardial infarction, comprising administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or an angiogenically active mutein thereof into one or more coronary vessels or into a peripheral vein in said human patient, said unit dose comprising from about .008 mg to 7.2 mg of said recombinant FGF-2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

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D¹³ *23* *22*
32. (amended) The method of claim 31, wherein said recombinant FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

disf *D¹⁴* *24*
33. (twice amended) A method for providing a human patient with relief from symptoms of angina, comprising administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or an angiogenically active mutein thereof into one or more coronary vessels or into a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of relief from symptoms of angina, said unit dose comprising from about 0.008 mg to 7.2 mg of said recombinant FGF-2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

D¹⁵ *29*
34. (amended) The method of claim 10, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is administered by infusion.

disf *D¹⁴* *35*
35. (amended) A method for treating a human patient for coronary artery disease, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or an angiogenically active mutein thereof by infusion into one or more coronary vessels or into a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for said coronary artery disease, said therapeutically effective amount being about 0.2 µg/kg to 48 µg/kg of patient weight.

D¹⁷ *37* *36*
36. (amended) The method of claim 35, further comprising the step of administering to said human patient about 10 U/kg to 80 U/kg of heparin within about 0 to 30 minutes prior to administering said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

38 *37*
37. (amended) The method of claim 36, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is administered into one or more coronary vessels.

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48. (amended) The method of claim 47, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is about 24 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ to 48 $\mu\text{g/kg}$.

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49. (amended) The method of claim 46 wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is administered into a peripheral vein.

D17 cont
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50. (amended) The method of claim 49, wherein said therapeutically effective amount of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof is about 18 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ to 36 $\mu\text{g/kg}$.

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51. (amended) A method for treating a human patient for coronary artery disease comprising, administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active fragment or an angiogenically active mutein thereof by infusion into one or more coronary vessels or into a peripheral vein in a human patient in need of treatment for coronary artery disease, said unit dose comprising from about .008 mg to 7.2 mg of said recombinant FGF-2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

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52. (amended) The method of claim 51, wherein said recombinant FGF-2 has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

D18
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55. (amended) The method of claim 52, wherein said unit dose comprises 0.3 mg to 3.5 mg of said recombinant FGF-2 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or said angiogenically active fragment or said angiogenically active mutein thereof.

D19
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58. (amended) A method for inducing angiogenesis in a heart of a human patient, comprising administering a single unit dose of a recombinant FGF-2 or an angiogenically active